

# THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

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## WOULD REGULATE STOCK EXCHANGE

New York Governor Urges Legislature to Act.

RECOMMENDS SEVERAL LAWS

Message From Sulzer to Lawmakers Declares Time is Ripe to End "Flagrant Abuses, Shifty Schemes and Clever Combinations to Catch the Unwary and to Mislead the Public."

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 28.—State supervision for regulation of the New York stock exchange and other exchanges are advocated by Governor Sulzer in a message sent by him to the legislature.

The time is ripe, in the governor's opinion, for the state to step in and end "flagrant abuses, shifty schemes and clever combinations to catch the unwary and to mislead the public." He recommends the enactment of a group of laws, at least one of which shall provide imprisonment as a penalty for its violation. These laws, the governor says, should apply to certain practices which have been shown to exist by the Pujio committee and other investigators.

"The testimony of some of the governors of the exchanges," Governor Sulzer says, "leaves no doubt in the minds of men of judgment that the exchanges either have been incapable or unwilling to devise measures that will effectively eradicate the evils. It is now the obvious duty of the state, it seems to me, to devise the remedies."

Outlines Needed Legislation. Among the measures which Governor Sulzer would have enacted into law are:

A law to distinguish clearly proper transactions of purchase and sale from those that are the result of combinations to raise or depress artificially the price of securities without regard to their true value or legitimate supply and demand.

A law to prohibit brokers from selling backward and forward among themselves blocks of a particular stock with intent to deceive or mislead outsiders.

A law to prohibit brokers from selling for their own account the same stocks they have been ordered to buy for their customers at the time the customers' orders are executed.

A law clearly prohibiting insolvent brokers from continuing to buy and sell after they become insolvent.

A law making it a criminal offense "to issue any statement or publish any advertisement as to the values of any stock or other security, or as to the financial condition of any corporation or company issuing or about to issue stock or securities, where any promise or prediction contained in such statement or advertisement is known to be false or to be not fairly justified by existing conditions."

Bucket Shops and Usury.

Governor Sulzer also recommends, but leaves to the legislature for decision, changes in existing laws and the enactment of new laws governing short sales, the hypothecation of securities, bucket shops, usury—under which head he classes the raising of call money rates to more than 6 per cent—the relations between exchanges and the consolidation of exchanges. In his message he says in part:

"It is now conceded by some of the officials that a gambling taint is present in some of the transactions—a concession that confirms the general opinion. It has been established that transactions in their nature fictitious, which make manipulations possible, are carried on without serious attempts at restraint."

"So long as transactions are not intended to mislead and do not infringe upon the rights of others they should not be interfered with; but transactions that are fraudulent in their nature should be rigorously prohibited. "All necessary modifications of existing laws for the protection of the investing public should be promptly made and all acts productive of such losses which are now merely a matter of civil liability should be brought under the condemnation of the special law."

Governor Sulzer said that at his request bills embodying his specific recommendations for proposed legislation are being drafted for introduction in the legislature.

The governor's message was referred without comment in both houses to committees.

Municipal Bank for Seattle.

Seattle, Jan. 28.—Seattle's city council adopted a plan for a municipal bank, which will receive individual deposits and invest them, together with city funds, in state, county and city bonds. The project must now be submitted to the voters for approval.

Two Soldiers Frozen.

Billings, Mont., Jan. 28.—The bodies of two soldiers of the company stationed at Fort Yellowstone National park were found frozen to death twenty-five miles from the fort. The men left the fort on duty Jan. 22 during a blizzard.

## SAYS CARNEGIE BROKE UP POOLS

Walter Scranton Testifies in Steel Trust Suit.

CONCERNS HAD FALLING OUT

Former President of Lackawanna Steel Company Asserts Carnegie Concern Was in General Pool and Had Another Agreement With Illinois Steel Company at Same Time.

New York, Jan. 28.—Testimony in support of the contention of the government that Andrew Carnegie was a trouble maker in the steel trade and that the Carnegie Steel company was taken over by the United States Steel corporation because of his refusal to abide by agreement was heard in the government's suit to dissolve the corporation under the Sherman anti-trust law. It was given by Walter Scranton, former president of the Lackawanna Steel company.

Mr. Scranton told of the steel rail pools which existed in the steel trade before the corporation was organized, in which the Carnegie Steel company was invariably a member. It appeared from his testimony that Andrew Carnegie was responsible for the dissolution of most of the pools.

"Did Andrew Carnegie's method of competition give rise to any feeling on the part of the manufacturers against his continuance in the business?" asked H. E. Colton of counsel for the government.

"There was a general feeling that it would be a good idea if Andrew Carnegie was out of the business," replied Mr. Scranton with a laugh.

In one instance, dated back to 1897, the Carnegie Steel company, according to the witness, had an inside agreement with the Illinois Steel company which did not come to the knowledge of the other members of the pool until the two companies quarreled.

Selling Plan Fell Through.

Then the pool, he said, led to a plan to organize the Empire Rail company, which was to be a selling company for all the manufacturers, but the plan fell through.

"What individual was responsible for that?" asked Mr. Colton.

"Andrew Carnegie. He could not agree with the other members," replied the witness.

Subsequently another rail pool was organized in which Charles F. Schwab represented the Carnegie company, and Judge Elbert H. Gary, now chairman of the steel corporation, represented the Federal Steel company.

"We would meet and suggest a price as among gentlemen, but as often we did not sell at the price agreed upon," explained the witness. This was in 1900.

The steel corporation was organized in 1901 and Mr. Colton wanted to know if by the acquisition of the Carnegie, the Federal and the National Steel companies, all consolidations in themselves, the steel corporation didn't acquire "a percentage of the rail capacity of the country sufficient to control the price of standard rails."

"I don't think they could control the price, but their suggestions would be favorably considered," said the witness.

Mr. Colton pointed to the fact that since the organization the price of rails had not varied from \$28 a ton.

"I should think that indicated that some understanding existed," said Mr. Scranton.

COUNTY OPTION BOBS UP

Measure Makes Its Appearance in Minnesota House.

St. Paul, Jan. 28.—County option and half a dozen other measures aimed at the liquor traffic appeared in the house, J. F. Lee of Annandale introduced the same county option bill that was beaten two years ago. The county optionists believe the bill has an excellent chance of passing the house.

A bill for the sterilization of criminals was introduced by G. W. Brown. A similar measure was offered in the senate by Senate Postsen.

The senate voted to deny the right of nonpartisan officers to file for office by petition after the primaries. It was a test vote.

Demonstration farms in every county in the state is the proposition put up by Representative Anderson of Badger.

WERE READY FOR GUNMEN

Plea of Englishmen Arrested in New York for Carrying Revolvers.

New York, Jan. 28.—"Our English papers said the streets of New York were full of blooming gunmen," said Thomas Connor as he was fined for carrying a revolver. Connor and his friend, Thomas Smalley, wealthy Englishmen, were arrested the day they landed. Both explained they thought it necessary to carry weapons to protect their property. Each was fined \$25.

WILLIAM SULZER.  
New York Governor Urges Regulation of Exchanges.



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## STAND PAT ON WOOL BILL

Democrats Will Reinroduce Measure Taft Vetoes.

Washington, Jan. 28.—It was learned in a responsible quarter that Chairman Underwood and his Democratic colleagues on the ways and means committee have decided to stand pat on the wool revision bill passed at the last session of congress. This was the measure that was so bitterly denounced by William J. Bryan, who advocated free raw wool, charging that Mr. Underwood, in imposing a duty on the product, had "sold out to the protected interests."

Unless President Wilson should interfere the Underwood wool revision bill will be reintroduced in the new congress without a single essential change.

## PROFFERS HELP TO GENERAL SICKLES

Widow of Confederate Officer Would Raise Funds.

New York, Jan. 28.—Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet, widow of the famous Confederate general, came to the aid of her husband's Civil war foe, General Daniel E. Sickles, with an offer to raise \$23,476 among the "ragged and maimed followers of Lee" to pay General Sickles' alleged debt to the state of New York.

Sheriff Harburger, who arrested General Sickles in the civil suit brought by the state to recover the money, also dictated a letter to many of the richest men in New York, asking them to aid the veteran.

In a telegram sent to General Sickles from Gainesville, Ga., Mrs. Longstreet said she had telegraphed to the attorney general of the state of New York that she would raise the money among the Confederate veterans if allowed sufficient time.

"The republic whose battles you fought will not permit your degradation," were her closing words to General Sickles.

The sheriff addressed his letter to J. P. Morgan, J. D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie and the 450 members of the sheriff's panel, composed of wealthy New Yorkers.

Skeletons on Oil King Estate.

Tarrytown, N. Y., Jan. 28.—Workmen removing a large bill on the estate of John D. Rockefeller at Pocantico Hills unearthed the skeletons of two women. The find was reported to the coroner and the bones were reburied. No explanation can be given as to how the skeletons came to be where they were found. Old residents do not recall that there ever was a burying ground near the place.

RATIFIES TAX AMENDMENT

New Jersey Falls in Line for Income Impost.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 28.—The New Jersey house of representatives ratified the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States authorizing congress to levy an income tax. Republican members opposed the passage of the bill.

TURKISH FOREIGN MINISTER

Prince Said Halim Is Named—Germanians Granted a Concession.

Constantinople, Jan. 28.—Prince Said Halim, president of the council of state and secretary of the committee of union and progress, has been appointed minister of foreign affairs.

The first industrial act of the new government is the granting of a concession of a German group for the construction of an underground railroad from Bayezid, in Stamboul, to Chichli, the farthest quarter of Pera. The railway will run under the Golden Horn.

They Like Overman.

It almost paid Senator Overman to be sick for several weeks in order to receive the hearty greetings which came his way when he returned to the senate. The popularity of the North Carolina senator was evident by the number of congratulations he received when he entered the senate after his recovery.

A Woman's View.

Nell—They say every man has his price. Belle—Well, mighty few of them are worth it. —Philadelphia Record

## POWER OF JEWISH PEOPLE IS SHOWN

Passport and Immigration Moves Blocked.

WOULD HAVE INJURED RAGE

Recent Bill Which Virtually Gave Foreign Governments Power to Say Who Should Enter United States Roused Jews to Big Protest—Bill Sent Back to Conference.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Jan. 28.—[Special.]—The power of the Jewish people has often been demonstrated, as in the case of the Russian passport resolution of a year ago and again when the immigration bill was sent back to conference by the senate recently. In extreme haste the conference report on this bill, which was in reality a new bill made by the conferees, was pushed through the house by those who want more drastic immigration laws.

But by the time it was taken up in the senate its provisions had become known, especially that which gave foreign governments virtually the power to say who should come to this country. This provision was attacked vigorously, particularly by the Jewish people, who sent telegrams of strong protest. And immediately the bill was sent back to conference to have the objectionable feature eliminated.

Attacking Columbus.

They are pulling down all our idols. Only recently an organization in Washington held a meeting and denounced Columbus. In the language of a wild westerner, they "gave him a dirty settin' out," and all because they did not want Columbus canonized as the patron saint of America. "If those fellows really want to 'put it over' on Columbus," remarked a member of congress, "they ought to circulate pictures of that statue that has been erected of him down by the Union station. That gives him the worst deal any hero ever got. They have made the discoverer of this country anything but the pictured hero on the quarterdeck pushing on and on toward an unknown land across the uncharted seas."

Underwood Knows.

The men who have appeared before the ways and means committee to tell that body what ought to be done with the tariff have become convinced of one fact, and that is that Oscar W. Underwood knows the tariff from one end to the other. The few pointed questions he asks, the brief statements he makes from time to time, show that he has been over the tariff bills, treasury reports and all other data pertaining to the difficult subject of tariff making and has a knowledge of what it all means.

Washed Money Troubles.

Bob Bailey, assistant secretary of the treasury, is a natural reformer. He is a newspaper man and had no more than settled in the money department of the government than he began tearing things up. All went well until he introduced washed money, which meant throwing out of employment many plate printers, because if money could be washed there would not be the necessity of printing and issuing a new supply in place of dirty money. But the plate printers are union labor men, and they objected to the new scheme. Then came the counterfeiting proposition, and it was shown that the washed money was so like the counterfeiters that not even experts could tell one from the other until there had been a microscopic examination. And at this point the troubles of Bailey became burdensome. He has had trouble in explaining to the appropriations committee that the washed money process must not be abandoned.

A Mysterious Disappearance.

Tom Pence, a versatile North Carolina newspaper man, was the press agent of the Wilson campaign before the national convention. More than that, he was a guiding spirit in handling difficult problems. He continued as press agent, and more particularly as common sense adviser, during the campaign after the nomination. Now it is believed that Pence has a pull. So he is much sought after by the newspaper men and many others who want political jobs. But Pence has disappeared. For a long time it was reported that he was in Europe. Then he was located for a few hours in New York. Inquiries at his office at the Press club and inaugural headquarters did not disclose his whereabouts. It is another case of mysterious disappearance, and Sherlock and Watson should get on the job at once.

Don't Forget Missouri.

While there is so much silence about cabinet places, perhaps it might be well to mention the fact that Missouri is not entirely overlooked. Missouri has many possibilities, but if I were going to guess I would say that David R. Francis stands a better chance than any other man in the state.

They Like Overman.

It almost paid Senator Overman to be sick for several weeks in order to receive the hearty greetings which came his way when he returned to the senate. The popularity of the North Carolina senator was evident by the number of congratulations he received when he entered the senate after his recovery.

A Woman's View.

Nell—They say every man has his price. Belle—Well, mighty few of them are worth it. —Philadelphia Record

CHARLES R. HEIKE.  
Too Ill to Be Told of Adverse Court Decision.



## HEIKE IS SERIOUSLY ILL

Family Fears to Tell Him of Adverse Court Decision.

Jersey City, N. J., Jan. 28.—Charles R. Heike is so seriously ill at his home here that his family fears he cannot survive the shock of being informed of the supreme court's decision, refusing his petition for immunity in the sugar cases. For several months he has suffered with heart disease and his recovery is not expected. The supreme court held that Heike must serve his eight months' imprisonment and pay his \$5,000 fine. Heike was convicted of conspiracy to defraud the government.

## POSSE KILLS MOTHER AND CHILD IN ARMS

Manitoba Officers Fail to Secure Man Wanted.

Winnipeg, Jan. 28.—A posse of Dauphin, Man., citizens in pursuit of the outlaw, John Baran, rushed his house on a homestead near Riding Mountain. Gun fire was opened from the house on the police and citizens, which the latter returned.

On entering the place after the rifle fire had ceased the prostrate body of a woman, shot in the breast, was found clasping the dead body of her infant child. Both had been shot by the posse.

Baran had been living with the woman after deserting his wife, on which charge Constable Charles Rooke of the Manitoba police had been sent to arrest him and was shot down.

No signs of Baran were seen and the posse is pursuing him in the woods.

## AUTOS AID TO CRIMINALS

Their Most Dangerous Weapon, Says New York Judge.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—"The automobile is the most dangerous weapon ever used by criminals," said William G. McAdoo, chief justice of the magistrates' court of New York in an address to the judges of the municipal court here.

Use of the automobile must be curbed; chauffeurs must be identified by fingerprint and subjected to a rigid character test; a "finger print" law of wide application to every person found guilty of any offense must be enacted.

These were recommendations of Judge McAdoo and in addition he said detectives and the uniformed force of police should be so far apart that they do not even know each other by sight. The patrolmen he likened to soldiery and the detectives to secret service.

## FOR CERTIFIED MARRIAGES

Utah House Bill Also Proposes Sterilization of Unfit.

Salt Lake City, Jan. 28.—To prevent the propagation of criminals, imbeciles and others whose mental or physical condition might tend to prevent the advancement of the race a bill was introduced in the Utah house of representatives by Dr. Jane W. Skulfield, providing for a state bureau of eugenics to govern marriages and for the sterilization of the unfit.

If the bill becomes a law a certificate of physical and mental fitness must be obtained before a marriage license will be issued.

## ORANGE SHIPMENTS HELD UP

Chicago Food Inspectors Stop Twenty-two Cars.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Twenty-two carloads of California oranges were stopped in a railroad yard by Dr. Sherman of the city food inspection bureau. Samples of the fruit will be examined to ascertain if they are fit to be sold.

Five cars were rejected last week. Bills of lading furnished Dr. Sherman showed that the rejected cars were reshipped, four to New York and one to Detroit.

## WOMEN PLANNING REIGN OF TERROR

WICKERSHAM IS CRITICISED

Federal Judge in Texas Comments on Oil Men Cases.

Dallas, Tex., Jan. 28.—Attorney General Wickersham was criticised by United States Judge Meek, who said it was a new thing for the executive department of the federal government to intervene between a court and men who had been indicted, as it did in the cases of J. D. Archbold, H. C. Folger, Jr., and W. C. Teagle. They were indicted in Judge Meek's court on charges of violating the Sherman anti-trust law in alleged operations affecting the Magnolia Petroleum company.

Mr. Wickersham did not order the arrest of the men on the Texas warrants because, he said, the evidence did not uphold such action.

## HARVESTER TRUST SPLITS

Files Articles of Incorporation in New Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 28.—Articles incorporating the International Harvester corporation with an authorized capital of \$70,000,000 were filed with the secretary of state, the incorporators being actively connected with the International Harvester company, already chartered under the laws of New Jersey with a capital of \$140,000,000.

In connection with the articles of incorporation there was filed a letter from the International Harvester company, signed by its president, Cyrus H. McCormick, stating the company has no objection to the making use of practically the same title by the International Harvester corporation.

## SENDS GREETINGS TO WILSON

King of Spain's Envoy Calls on President Elect.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 28.—President Elect Wilson received personal greetings from the king of Spain through the Marquis de la Vega Inclan, the royal commissioner delegate to select a site for the Spanish exhibit at the Panama exposition in San Francisco. It was the first message Mr. Wilson has received from a European ruler.

The envoy, besides conveying to the president elect the king's personal message of good will, expressed in behalf of the king a deep interest in the exposition in San Francisco. He told the governor that Spain had been planning a similar exposition for the same year, but intended to postpone it until 1918.

## TREED ALL NIGHT BY LION

Frozen Feet of Montana Boy Have to Be Amputated.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 28.—Francis Engstrom, aged eleven, of Anaconda, who was treed by a mountain lion three weeks ago near that city when the temperature was 20 degrees below zero, was compelled to undergo amputation of both feet, which were frozen during his experience.

The beast remained at the tree all night long. It left when the day began to break. The boy staggered to a nearby ranch house.

## IMPOSSIBLE.

"I want a well rounded life."

"Then you can't live it in a flat."—Baltimore American.

## GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Jan. 28.—Wheat—To arrive and on track—No. 1 hard, 86½c; No. 1 Northern, 85½c; No. 2 Northern, 83½c; May, 87½c; 87½c; July, 88½c; Flax—On track and to arrive, 1.29½; Jan., 1.29½; May, 1.32½.

South St. Paul Live Stock.

South St. Paul, Jan. 28.—Cattle—Steers, \$5.75 to \$9.00; cows and heifers, \$4.00 to \$7.00; calves, \$4.25 to \$9.50; feeders, \$4.00 to \$7.10. Hogs—\$7.10 to \$7.25; Sheep—Lambs, \$4.50 to \$8.25; wethers, \$4.00 to \$5.50; ewes, \$2.25 to \$5.00.

## Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Wheat—May, 92½c to 92½c; July, 90½c to 90½c; Sept., 88½c; Corn—May, 51½c; July, 52½c; Sept., 53½c to 53½c; Oats—May, 33½c to 33½c; July, 33½c; Sept., 33½c; Pork—May, \$19.42. Butter—Creameries, 24 to 33½c; Eggs—16 to 22c; Poultry—Turkeys, 15c; chickens, 13½c; springs, 13½c.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 28.—Cattle—Beeves, \$6.00 to \$9.00; Texas steers, \$4.65 to \$5.65; Western steers, \$4.80 to \$7.45; stockers and feeders, \$5.50 to \$7.20; cows and heifers, \$2.70 to \$7.20; calves, \$7.00 to \$10.00; Hogs—Light, \$7.30 to \$7.57½; mixed, \$7.30 to \$7.57½; heavy, \$7.15 to \$7.60; rough, \$7.15 to \$7.30; pigs, \$5.75 to \$7.35; Sheep—Native, \$4.75 to \$6.20; yearlings, \$6.40 to \$8.00; lambs, \$6.75 to \$9.00.

## Minneapolis Grain.

Minneapolis, Jan. 28.—Wheat—May, 87½c to 87½c; July, 88½c to 89c; Cash close on track: No. 1 hard, 87½c; No. 1 Northern, 85½c to 86½c; to arrive, 85½c to 86½c; No. 2 Northern, 83½c to 84c; No. 3 Northern, 81½c to 82½c; No. 3 yellow corn, 43½c to 43½c; No. 4 corn, 41 to 41½c; No. 3 white oats, 30½c; to arrive, 30½c; No. 3 oats, 28½c to 29c; barley, 44 to 45c; flax, 1.30½c; to arrive, 1.30½c.

English Suffragettes Allege Political Trickery.

WITHDRAWS FRANCHISE BILL

Government Drops Question of Reform Altogether for Present Session, as Plural Voting Measure Requires Too Extensive Amendment to Be Undertaken in the Short Time Remaining.

London, Jan. 28.—England is on the brink of another campaign by the suffragettes in comparison with which former outbreaks of the militant women will appear insignificant.

The women believe that the politicians have played a carefully studied trick upon them in the decision of the government to drop the franchise bill and the action is likely to lead to serious consequences.

The suffragettes held heated meetings. Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and other leaders denounced both the enemies and supporters of suffrage in the cabinet for their treachery. They declared an end of the truce which the women had observed while awaiting parliament's action on the bill.

"Deeds, not words," was the motto displayed above the platform where Mrs. Pankhurst spoke. She asserted that the women would consider human life sacred, but would do as much damage to smashing as possible.

Advocates Smashing Heads.

Some of her lieutenants failed to agree with her policy. Miss Annie Kenny, one of the most prominent of the militants, advocated the smashing of both property and heads.

Several women were arrested, some of whom declined to give their names. One, believed to be Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, was captured in St. Stephen's hall, leading to the house of commons, where she was making a determined attack on a large painting.

The police dispersed a crowd in Trafalgar square, where a man and woman were trying to make speeches. The speakers, who resisted, were arrested. The noted militant, Mrs. Despard, was taken to the police station with six others. Mrs. Despard was released on bail.

The big crowds which poured toward Westminster were composed mostly of men, who hoped to see an outbreak of the militant suffragettes. Policemen kept them moving and drove them down side streets. Everybody was good natured and there was much singing and cheering.

Public Buildings Guarded.

Guards are stationed at all the public buildings and a special watch is being kept on postoffices and letter boxes.

Mrs. Drummond, president of the Women's Social and Political union, has written to Chancellor Lloyd-George asking him to receive another deputation. One of the suffragettes' demands is that Mr. Lloyd-George and Sir Edward Grey, who supported the suffragist cause, should resign office.

The government appears to have decided to drop the question of franchise reform altogether for the present session. Harold Trevor Baker's plural voting bill, which was expected to replace the franchise bill, requires too extensive amendment, according to the government view, to be undertaken in the short time remaining of the present session.

Hence the whole question will be postponed until the session beginning probably March 6, when friends of women's suffrage will be invited by the government to frame a bill in such a manner as to secure the support of all sections.

## SHANK IS ARRESTED AGAIN

Indianapolis Mayor Charged With Defacing Public Highway.

Indianapolis, Jan. 28.—Mayor S. L. Shank was arrested on a warrant charging that he had defaced the public highway of Lawrence township by driving a heavily laden automobile over it. The mayor's chauffeur, Herbert S. Newby, also was arrested and a warrant was issued for Sergeant of Police Joseph Steinhilber.

John Bolander, superintendent of roads of the township, swore to the affidavit which were filed in the court of Justice of the Peace Teal, where last week Mr. Shank was cleared of a charge of speeding that resulted from his crusade against "speeders."

The mayor's trial was set for Feb. 3.



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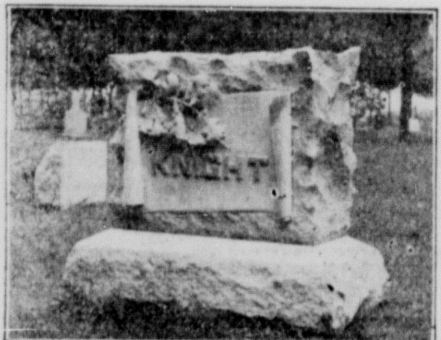
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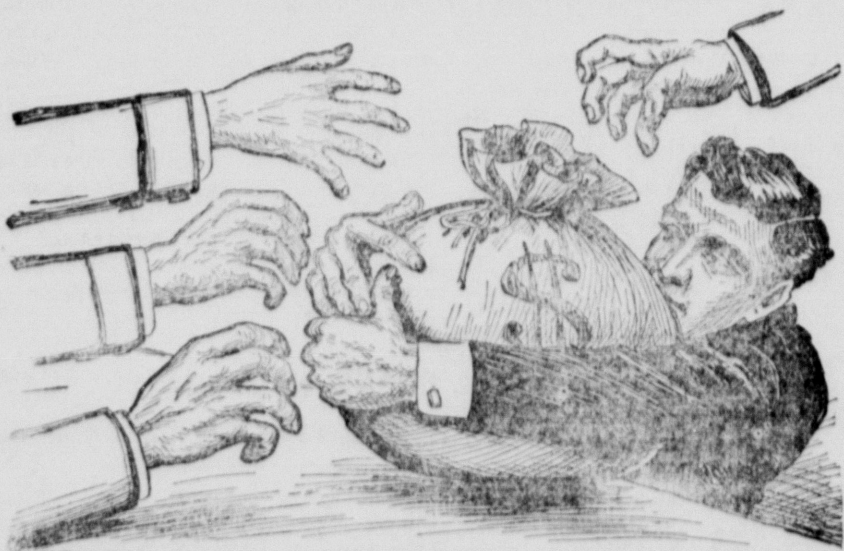
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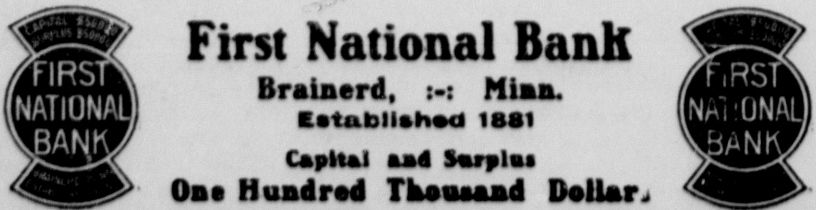


FRIENDS, SCHEMERS, FUN AND  
EXTRAVAGANCE WILL GET IT  
UNLESS YOU PUT IT INTO THE  
**BANK**

Friends are few. Those so-called fair-weather friends  
who borrow your money are in the same class with the  
schemer who tries to get you to invest it in wild-cat enter-  
prises. The temptation to spend your money while you  
have it in YOUR POCKET is very great. YOUR MONEY  
is your "best friend." When it is in our bank it is SAFE.  
No one wants his bank balance to grow smaller.

Do YOUR banking with US.

We pay interest on time and savings account



**First National Bank**  
Brainerd, Minn.  
Established 1881  
Capital and Surplus  
One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

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By Ingersoll & Wieland

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One Month, Forty Cents  
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Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St.

Entered at the post office at Brainerd,  
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TUESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1913.

## THE WEATHER

Temperature record taken at Gull  
lake dam, by caretaker, Arthur L.  
Mantel:  
January 27, Maximum 14 above,  
minimum 3 below.

## LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Harry O'Brien went to Duluth this  
afternoon.

T. R. Foley of Aitkin was in the  
city Monday.

Mrs. C. D. Johnson went to St. Paul  
this afternoon.

Mrs. F. S. Parker went to St. Paul  
this afternoon.

Rosko Brothers have sold a Hudson  
car to Archie Halladay.

Miss Rose Merz of St. Cloud was a  
Brainerd visitor Monday.

Mrs. H. J. Ernster of Deerwood was a  
Brainerd visitor today.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Johnson went to  
St. Paul this afternoon.

B. J. Hinkle of Little Falls was a  
Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Miss Annie Anderson went to Fer-  
gus Falls this noon for a short visit.

Schmidt's bottle beer, famous for  
quality. Order a case. Telephone  
164. John Coates Liquor Co.—Adv.

Dr. A. B. Hart of Pequot was in the  
city today. He is removing to Owa-  
tonna.

Mrs. Ernest Ritari has returned  
from a visit with her parents in New  
York Mills.

T. C. Shove of Minneapolis is in the  
city in the interests of the Minneapo-  
lis Journal.

N. M. Berghelm of Little Falls  
transacted business matters in Brain-  
erd Monday.

Capt. H. Jarchow, interested in min-  
eral lands on the Cuyuna range, is in  
the city today.

Double amount trading stamps for  
1 month only. Wide Awake Shoe  
Shop.—Adv. 20116

F. E. Smith will take the civil ser-  
vice examination in the custom ser-  
vice at Bemidji next month.

The Ladies Guild of St. Paul's Epis-  
copal church meets Wednesday after-  
noon with Mrs. R. J. Hartley.

## HE HAD UNRULY HAIR.

Couldn't do a thing with it. Stood in  
every direction at once, then in no direc-  
tion. This was before he used Hall's  
Hair Renewer. Now his hair looks well-  
kept, stays in place. The scalp is clean  
and healthy. Hair is growing faster. No  
dandruff. No falling hair. Not the slight-  
est danger of coloring the hair.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Skog of Deer-  
wood were recent visitors at the home  
of Rev. and Mrs. Elov Carlson.

Assistant Municipal Judge Mal  
Clark has returned from St. Paul  
where he attended to legal matters.

The Boilermakers and Helpers  
union will give a dance at Gardner  
hall on Friday evening, January 31.

Julius Voss, employed at the found-  
ry, is dangerously ill of pneumonia  
and pleurisy at his home at 829 Bluff  
avenue.

The Woman's Union Label league  
meets this evening at the Trades and  
Labor hall. There will be initiations,  
a lunch and a social hour.

The Mission society of the Swedish  
Lutheran church will meet this even-  
ing at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W.  
Johnson in Southeast Brainerd.

Hugh Breason took in the Knights  
of Columbus doings at St. Cloud Sun-  
day and on his way home the boys  
played several practical jokes on him.

The Rebekah Social club met at  
three o'clock this afternoon at the  
Odd Fellow hall. By mistake the  
item read eight o'clock in last night's  
Dispatch.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Sev-  
enth Street Norwegian Lutheran  
church meets Wednesday afternoon  
at the home of Mrs. A. Gilbertson,  
420 Bluff avenue.

Mrs. Tony Rosko entertained a  
number of friends Saturday in honor  
of her birthday. Twenty Brainerd  
people were among the guests at the  
home of her mother.

A sleighing party will be given  
Wednesday evening starting from the  
Baptist church at 7:30 and going to  
Murray's farm. Luncheon will be  
served. Round trip 25c. It

District court adjourned sine die.  
The case of Merritt vs Joyce was con-  
tinued pending settlement. The case  
of Potter et al vs the county commis-  
sioners was continued over the term.

## TONIGHT

**"The Harem Captives"**

Two Reel Special Feature

At The

**Empress**

Charles E. Wilson, formerly cashier  
at the freight depot in Brainerd, then  
agent at Central avenue station, Super-  
ior, is now freight agent of the Cana-  
dian Northern at the Duluth freight  
station on 68th avenue west.

G. F. Mitchell was operated on to-  
day at the Northern Pacific railway  
hospital. He has been ill for the last  
three weeks. Mr. Mitchell stood the  
operation well and his friends antici-  
pate a speedy recovery.

Hill City and the Hill Lake region  
are being advertised by the M. H. C.  
& W. railway which has issued folders  
printed in German, Swedish, Bohemian  
and English setting forth the  
advantages to homeseekers and home-  
makers in their territory.

John W. Borden of Merrifield was  
in the city today attending to busi-  
ness matters. Mr. Borden has a fine  
farm at Mission just south of Dr. J.  
L. Camp's place. Mr. Borden on a  
small patch of ground raised 274  
bushels of beans and 200 bushels of  
onions. His corn crop was exception-  
ally good and large.

Weimer L. Bakilla was one of thir-  
teen applicants to be given a diploma  
as a registered pharmacist at the  
meeting of the state board of phar-  
macy on Saturday. Mr. Bakilla is a  
Brainerd boy and was employed at  
the drug store of H. P. Dunn for some  
time. He will remain in Minneapolis  
for the present.

The A. O. H. order and the Ladies  
Auxiliary of the A. O. H., will have a  
joint installation of officers at the  
Knights of Columbus hall this eve-  
ning. In addition there will be a mu-  
sical program. Mrs. J. J. Daley, of  
Minneapolis, state president of the  
auxiliary, will install the ladies. Mrs.  
Daley is the guest of Mrs. M. J. Reil-  
ly.

Forty-five or more baseball fans  
and players were present at last  
night's meeting in the Citizens State  
bank hall. Walter Kunitz presided  
and John Mahlum was selected tem-  
porary secretary. The question of  
having the team join the league this  
year was discussed and on motion it  
was decided that the manager elected  
should find out the sentiment of  
neighboring towns regarding the league  
and report at the next meeting. For  
business manager there were two  
nominations, Deputy County Auditor  
Harry Treglawny and D. A. Peterson,  
he present manager. Mr. Treglawny  
was elected. For playing manager  
Thomas Templeton was elected. For  
secretary and treasurer there were  
three nominations, Frank Wright,  
Ben Lagerquist and John Mahlum.  
The latter was elected.

## How's This

We offer One Hundred Dollars Re-  
ward for any case of Catarrh that can-  
not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.  
We, the undersigned, have known F.  
J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and  
believe him perfectly honorable in all  
business transactions, and financially  
able to carry out any obligations made  
by him.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,  
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken inter-  
nally, acting directly upon the blood and  
mucous surfaces of the system. Testi-  
monials sent free. Price, 75c per  
bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for consti-  
pation.

**ELECTRIC BITTERS** THE BEST FOR  
BILIOUSNESS  
AND KIDNEYS



Our  
**Big Sale Will  
Close Saturday  
Night Feb. 1st.**

Supply your wants for months to come. Visit this Big Sale  
Often and Buy freely. It means money saved to you.

WHERE YOU  
GET THE  
PRETTY THINGS

**Murphy's**  
THE STORE OF QUALITY

WHERE YOU  
GET THE  
BIG BARGAINS

## BRANDT'S PARDON A BIG PRECEDENT

Release of Young Valet Fixes  
Limit on Penalty.

30 YEARS EXCESSIVE TERM

Governor Sulzer Attacks "Judicial In-  
justice" in Behalf of Man Who Con-  
fessed Burglary in Schiff Home—He  
Imposes Strict Conditions on Ex-  
Convict—History of Brandt Case.

THINGS BRANDT CANNOT DO.  
The terms of the pardon granted to  
Foulke E. Brandt provide:  
He must not appear upon the  
stage.  
He must not write a history of  
his case.  
He must not discuss his experi-  
ences in public for pay.  
He must not in any way make  
capital of the notoriety he has  
gained.

In the pardon of Foulke E. Brandt,  
a young man who had served  
six years of a thirty year sentence for  
burglary, Governor Sulzer of New York  
established a precedent of great impor-  
tance in his state. The effect is to  
mark off clearly the relative gravity of  
a first offense and the degree of pun-  
ishment deserved for a certain sort of  
crime.

In effect the pardon is widely believ-  
ed to have purged New York's records  
of a great judicial injustice which  
would have given rise to possible fu-  
ture injustices. The principle set for-  
ward was that thirty years is an out-  
rageously excessive penalty for the  
first offense of a young man like  
Brandt in view of the fact that the  
most hardened criminal with unending  
felonies to his credit could not have  
received a longer term.

Brandt was convicted of robbing the  
home of Mortimer L. Schiff, with  
whom he had formerly been employed  
as valet. In an early petition for ex-  
ecutive clemency he protested inno-  
cence and uttered a scandalous story.  
In his final petition the young man  
confessed guilt in the most abject man-  
ner, retracted his scandalous state-  
ments and merely pleaded that his  
sentence was too long.

Senator Nelson a Benefactor.

Senator Kaute Nelson of Minnesota  
had been enlisted to aid the young  
convict's plea for pardon, agreed to  
get Brandt a job among good people  
in Minnesota, pay his expenses there  
and see that he had another start in  
life. Brandt left with the senator,  
earnestly promising to be honest and  
upright in future.

Foulke E. Brandt, or Lawrence de  
Foulke, as he sometimes called him-  
self, was employed by Mortimer L.  
Schiff, the son of Jacob Schiff, at his  
country place at Oyster Bay in the  
summer of 1906. He was discharged,  
but was later re-engaged and remain-  
ed in Mr. Schiff's employ until Feb. 11,  
1907, when he was again discharged  
on the ground that he had written an  
impudent letter to Mrs. Schiff.

About a month later he entered the  
Schiff home, at 932 Fifth avenue, and  
later was accused by Mr. Schiff of as-  
saulting him with a rapier. After  
parleying with his former servant Mr.  
Schiff made an appointment with him  
at his office. When Brandt went there  
two days later he was arrested. He  
was charged with assault in the first  
degree and with burglary, it being  
alleged that he had forced an entrance  
into the house and stolen jewelry val-  
ued at \$200.

Brandt was represented by Carl  
Fischer-Hansen, who was later con-  
victed of a crime, served a term in the  
penitentiary and was disbarred. How-  
ard Gans, a former assistant district  
attorney, was in charge of Mr. Schiff's  
interests.

Brandt pleaded guilty to the bur-  
glary charge and was sentenced by  
Judge Rosalsky in the court of general  
sessions to serve thirty years, the  
maximum sentence, in state prison.  
He was twenty years old at that time.

His Efforts For Freedom.

Brandt went to Sing Sing and later  
to Dannemora, where in 1909 he began  
his efforts to gain his freedom. He  
appealed first to Senator Nelson of  
Minnesota, who requested the Swedish  
consulate in New York to take up the  
matter. Other interests were enlisted,  
and an appeal was made to Governor  
Dix to pardon the young man.

Richard Hand as commissioner to hold  
hearings and report on the appeal for  
pardon.

Brandt enjoyed a few weeks of lib-  
erty under a writ granted by Justice  
Gerard and then spent several weeks  
in the Tombs after the order had been  
reversed by the appellate division.  
The case was carried up to the court  
of appeals, which decided last June  
that the court in which Brandt was  
tried had jurisdiction.

The charge that Brandt had been the  
victim of a conspiracy and that there  
had been many improprieties in con-  
nection with his trial and conviction  
was placed before the grand jury by  
District Attorney Whitman. After an  
inquiry that lasted nearly two months  
the grand jury failed to find indict-  
ments.

The grand jury did, however, write  
a presentment in which it found that  
Brandt was a thief, but not a burglar.  
Judge T. C. T. Crain refused to accept  
the presentment.

**TWENTY-FIVE IDEAL AGE  
TO WED, SAYS PROFESSOR**

Boston Instructor Calls Twenty Giddy  
and Forty Dangerous.

Twenty-five is the scientifically idea-  
l age to marry, according to Professor  
Dallas Lore Sharpe of Boston univer-  
sity, who said recently:

"There is nothing particularly God  
fearing or discreet or reverent about  
thirty. Thirty is the timid age. Forty  
is the dangerous age. Twenty is the  
ageless age. Twenty is the silly, milky  
tassled age, when a boy is still liable  
to be croupy and to need castor oil and  
his mother.

"When a man reaches thirty, how-  
ever, he knows that he is not a poet  
and a captain of industry and that the  
moon is not made of cheese, and that  
love in a cottage is not the same thing  
at all as love in the suburbs or in a  
city flat. He knows just enough at  
thirty to count the cost.

"God help him—and you, too, dear  
girl—if you are to be 'supported' by a  
husband who figures you as cost, who,  
before the wedding, always proposes  
that you 'walk,' and when it rains  
hands the conductor 10 cents, mutter-  
ing, 'There's the interest on \$2 gone.'  
A man who has figured all the way to  
thirty will figure on to thirty-one.

"Twenty is a little early, I fear, but  
thirty is a little late, I am sure, for a  
man to marry. I am inclined to put  
the ideal time at twenty-five.

"Marriage must wait somewhat on  
ceremony, but it should not wait long  
after twenty-five for anything except  
the sound, level headed, willing girl to  
make it possible."

## The Turquoise.

There are some varieties of turquoise  
that retain their color perpetually.  
These are said to belong to the old  
rock, while those which turn green are  
ascribed to the new rock. Siberia  
yields mammoth teeth, which after re-  
ceiving a color from iron phosphate are  
known in the market as fossil tur-  
quoise. It is detected by its odor when  
gently heated. If moistened with an  
acid it will effervesce. The fossil tur-  
quoise, so called, is not a mineral like  
the rock turquoise. It is merely color-  
ed teeth of fossil animals. Neverthe-  
less it retains its color better than a  
great deal of the real stone does.—St.  
Louis Republic.

## Caught a Tartar.

"Did you ask your girl's father for  
her hand in marriage?"

"I did."

"And he refused you. I can tell by  
the way you look."

"No, he didn't. He gave his consent."

"Then why the peculiar look you are  
wearing?"

"He was so darned willing."—Hous-  
ton Post.

## Drives Off a Terror

The chief executioner of death in  
the winter and spring months is  
pneumonia. Its advance agents are  
colds and grip. In any attack by  
one of these maladies no time should  
be lost in taking the best medicine  
obtainable to drive it off. Countless  
thousands have found this to be Dr.  
King's New Discovery. "My hus-  
band believes it has kept him from  
having pneumonia three of four  
times," writes Mrs. George W. Place  
Kawsonville, Vt., "and for coughs  
and croup we have never found  
its equal." Guaranteed for all bron-  
chial affections. Price 50c and \$1.  
Trial bottle free at H. P. Dunn's.—  
Adv.

## EMPRESS

THE THEATRE BEAUTIFUL  
One Hundred Per Cent of Satisfaction

Big Two Reel Feature Production. A picture Made for Education-  
al purposes and passed by the National Board of Censors

## "Harem Captives"

Taken in Constantinople near the home of the Sultan. A beautiful  
hand colored production hard to equal, and the only picture of its  
kind ever attempted

A Comedy Reel in Addition to This Big Feature Will be Shown

WEDNESDAY NIGHT IS JAPANESE NIGHT.—Royal Nishiki, and  
Makio Awata Vases on the First Show and a 21-piece Imported  
hand-colored translucent Tea Set after the second show

Adults 10c Admission Children 5c



IT WARMS OLD SANTA  
just to see a good supply of good  
coal in the houses he visits.  
He is particularly partial to the  
kind of coal we sell and he has  
good reason to be. So will you  
after you have tried it. The  
splendid heat, the perfect com-  
bustion, the solid comfort, will  
pay you well for your good judg-  
ment in ordering us to fill your  
coal bin.

JOHN LARSON

## Pictures and Picture Framing

## IS OUR BUSINESS

We have a most complete line  
of pictures and frames. We  
do framing that satisfies.  
Come see us.

**LOSEY and DEAN**

Hardware Contractors Builders

## WHITE BROTHERS

The WHITE Store

Where you always get

WHITE Service

616 Laurel Street

Brainerd

Estimates  
Furnished

Satisfaction  
Guaranteed



### COURT REPORTERS USE DICTAPHONE

System Installed in this 15th Judicial District for Getting Out Their Transcripts

#### BRAINERD THE CENTRAL OFFICE

Transcript Work is Very Heavy and Dictaphone System will Facilitate Transcribing

The court reporters of the 15th judicial district have installed the dictaphone system for getting out their transcripts, with the central transcribing office situated in the district chambers in this city. The transcript work in this district is very heavy and it is expected that this system will greatly facilitate the getting out of the transcripts. Mr. Moody has secured an efficient operator in Mrs. Clara Hough, who is experienced in dictaphone and transcribing work.

Messrs. Alderman & Clark, who have their offices adjoining Judge McClenahan's chambers will also use the dictaphone system in connection with their office work.

The reporters of the district court read their shorthand notes into the dictaphone and the records are sent the operator in Brainerd who attaches them to the machine run by electricity and with a receiver resembling a telephone girl's, hears the voice of the reporter.

She can regulate the delivery, her speed in the work of transcription depending upon the difficulty of the matter to be typewritten. The reporter, as may often be the case, while reading his notes, comes upon a surname or technical word and spells it out and gives instructions about punctuation, all of which are faithfully recorded by the machine and ground out again in Brainerd.

If there is no section the operator does not understand, she stops the dictaphone, goes back to the point and hears it over again. If there is any question of dispute about a transcription, the dictaphone record is there as evidence.

After a certain period the records are shaved clean by another machine and can be used over again. One record can thus serve 100 times before outliving its usefulness. The shorthand notes of the reporters are preserved and filed with the various cases transcribed.

Mrs. Hough knows no minute of idleness and is kept busy from morning to night transcribing all the cases heard by Judge W. S. McClenahan of Brainerd, Judge C. W. Stanton of Bemidji and Judge B. F. Wright of Park Rapids.

And cases are becoming more numerous, indicating that the 15th judicial district is gaining in population and importance.

#### Foils a Foul Plot

When a shameful plot exists between liver and bowels to cause distress by refusing to act, take Dr. King's New Life Pills, and end such abuse of your system. They gently compel right action of stomach, liver and bowels, and restore your health and all good feelings. 25c at H. P. Dunn's.—Adv't.

#### CLOVER PAYS WELL

Carl Wheeler Sells 16 Sacks Containing 37 Bushels to Con O'Brien—Draws Check for \$300

Carl Wheeler, who has been dangerously sick with typhoid for six weeks, is able to be up again and the nurse has been dismissed.

In a phone message Mr. Wheeler said he was still very weak and hardly able to stand. He mentioned with satisfaction the success he had in raising clover on ten acres of his land. He cut the first crop and had 20 tons in his barn. Two tons to the acre is a very good yield.

Of the seed threshed out Mr. Wheeler retained three sacks for himself. Sixteen sacks or 37 bushels was sent to Brainerd and sold to Con O'Brien for \$300.

#### Could Shout For Joy

"I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart," wrote C. B. Rader, of Lewisburg, W. Va., "for the wonderful double benefit I got from Electric Bitters, in curing me of both a severe case of stomach trouble and of rheumatism, from which I had been an almost helpless sufferer for ten years. It suited my case as though made just for me." For dyspepsia, indigestion, jaundice, and to rid the system of kidney poisons that cause rheumatism, Electric Bitters have no superior. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50 cents at H. P. Dunn's.—Adv't.

#### When Gingerbread Was Up

In speaking of the cost of being an old army officer tells his experience when the Federal army was camped before Richmond: "We got our pay one day, and each man started out to discover how he might spend it. An enterprising baker had set up a portable bake oven near the camp, and he was turning out a full line of his gingerbreads to tempt the soldiers. I found the odor from a big slab of gingerbread irresistible, so I ordered \$2 worth. The baker took my greenback, placed it on the corner of the gingerbread slab and with a cleaver he cut off for me the rectangle that the bill covered!"

DISPATCH WANT ADS PAY

### WOMAN SUFFRAGE IS DEFEATED

Special to Dispatch: St. Paul, Jan. 28.—Woman suffrage was defeated in the senate today by a vote of 23 to 30. The motion to reconsider by George Sullivan was also defeated, foreclosing the proposition in the senate at this time.

#### MORE COMMENTS ON CASE

Little Falls Transcript Says Barron Contempt Case First of Its Kind in Their Town

The Little Falls Transcript under date of January 27 has the following additional on the Attorney W. W. Barron contempt case:

"W. W. Barron, the Brainerd attorney who appeared before Judge of Probate E. F. Shaw here Saturday afternoon to answer a charge of contempt of court, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$25 or serve 30 days in the county jail. Barron was granted a 10 days' stay of sentence.

Mr. Barron was summoned to appear before the court here because of letters which he wrote to Judge Shaw in which he claimed that he had not been accorded common business courtesy by the judge.

Local attorneys cannot recall an instance similar to the Barron case. Men have been fined by the district court for contempt because they had refused to appear as witnesses but this is thought to be the first instance in this city where an attorney was fined for contempt."

### "BRAINERD NEEDS NO NEW DEPOT"

Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, With Large Interests in Brainerd, Explains His Views

#### SAYS LOCAL DEPOT IS FILTHY

Northern Pacific Railway has Imposed Upon the People Because There is no Competition

Leon E. Lum of Duluth, who has large interests in the city, being one of the directors of the First National bank of Brainerd and owning mineral lands and interests on the Cuyuna iron range and also realty in Brainerd, was in the city today and when interviewed regarding conditions in Brainerd, of which he always keeps himself well informed, said:

"Brainerd has no need of a new depot. It would not get as good a depot as the old one if a new one were built. People forget that they, the freight payers, must pay interest on all new depots.

"The depot Brainerd has now is in filthy condition, a disgrace alike to the Northern Pacific railway and the city. The same condition existed in Duluth. We have a beautiful building there, but the board of health was obliged to notify the company to either clean it or tear it down.

"For the past five years the Northern Pacific railway should have had a parlor car on the Brainerd-St. Paul train and they have imposed on the traveling public because there has been no competition.

"The gasoline car is an experiment and the company cannot be blamed if it does not wish to risk the experiment. They had a gasoline car running into Duluth which could be used to try the experiment at Brainerd, but it would take two years to find out whether it was successful or not."

When Mr. Lum was asked to give his views on the Bjorge tonnage tax bill which again bids fair to raise its head in the legislature, Mr. Lum was emphatic in his denunciation of that bill, and said:

"The iniquitous tonnage tax bill has again been introduced. As the late Governor Johnson said: 'Some legislators who voted for it were honest.' There is nothing more to be said."

#### Attention W. R. C.

The members of Pap Thomas W. R. C. No. 47 are requested to meet at the I. O. O. F. hall on Wednesday, Jan. 29 at 1:45 P. M. for the purpose of attending the funeral of Sister Rachel Hall. By order of President. Adv't.

Castles in the Air. Dr. John Wilkins wrote a work in the reign of Charles II. to show the possibility of making a voyage to the moon. The Duchess of Newcastle, who was likewise notorious for her vagrant speculations, said to him, "Doctor, where am I to bait at in the upward journey?" "My lady," replied the doctor, "of all the people in the world, I have never expected that question from you, who have built so many castles in the air that you might hit every night at one of your own."

#### It Generally Cures.

Jones—What's good for the toothache? Smith—Walk about halfway to the nearest dentist

#### Famous Stage Beauties

look with horror on Skin Eruptions, Blisters, Sores or Pimples. They don't have them. For all such troubles use Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Excellent for Eczema or Salt Rheum, it cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains, heels, burns, cuts and bruises. Unsurpassed for piles. 25c at H. P. Dunn's.—Adv't.

### PRES. CARL ZAPFEE ON TONNAGE TAX

Declares the Recently Introduced Tonnage Tax Bill is an Iniquitous Measure

#### SHOULD BE STRONGLY OPPOSED

Under the Provisions of Bjorge Bill Cuyuna Ores will be Taxed 3c and 4c Per Ton

Carl Zapf, president of the Commercial club, who is well versed in matters pertaining to Cuyuna range mineral lands and ore values, in an interview this morning, stated the following:

"The recently introduced tonnage tax bill is an iniquitous measure. It strikes at the vitals of Aitkin, Crow Wing, Morrison, Todd, Becker, Cass and Hubbard counties, because all of these have great interests and prospects at stake in the nature of future prosperity resulting from recent mineral developments. The introduction of this measure calls for the immediate and concerted action of every resident of this part of Minnesota, in offering opposition to the measure. Several years ago others fought for us, but this time it is our own fight.

"Under the provisions of the bill, Cuyuna ores will be taxed 3c and 4c per ton, and Mesaba ores 3, 4 and 5c per ton. Four years ago we were baby-like and we cried at the proposal of the tonnage tax, and with the assistance of our larger neighbors, we won out. Now we have grown up and must fight for ourselves. Morrison, Todd, Becker, Otter Tail, Cass and Hubbard counties, with their mineral possibilities, some partly developed, are in the same position today that we were in several years ago, and it behooves them to stir and join with us, and save for themselves today that which we nearly lost several years ago.

"We wonder why mining operations do not develop more rapidly about us. We contemplate on Crow Wing county and Brainerd's future greatness because of the surrounding mineral deposits. If developed ore now stays in the ground without a tonnage tax on it, when it is reasonable to suppose the same would be mined with a 3c or 4c tonnage tax added to it the moment it appears upon the surface. The state tax commission at the present time regulates the taxation on all mineral properties, developed or not, based on the value of the ore in the ground. And then, this tax does not go to the county, but is disbursed amongst the other state funds.

"If we devote time and energy to advertise our agricultural resources and try to build up a thriving community, some concerted action must be taken to down this bill and not permit it to become a law and stifle us."

#### Automobile For Sale

A White gas car, nearly good as new, fully equipped, top, windshield, speedometer, clock, two extra inner tubes, extra casing, tools, jack and pump. Must be sold at once. Inquire at Rosko Bros. 1tp

### MUSIC AND DRAMA

#### Obrecht Stock Company

The Obrecht Stock company made its first appearance in Brainerd last evening and the play "The Earl of Dunmore" was witnessed by a large audience. It was a lively three act society comedy and it offered a splendid vehicle to show the capabilities of the company. Every part was well taken, especially pleasing being D. G. Alger as Samuel Weston, the bluff old ranch owner from Wyoming; Miss Sara Obrecht as his daughter and Miss Jule Obrecht as Lady Constance.

Preceding the show the Obrecht orchestra rendered a most pleasing program embracing the "Ghost of the Goblin Man," "Fine Feathers" and two selections from one of Verdi's operas. Their playing is characterized by the utmost precision of attack, fine harmony and that exuberance of tone color which shows perfect familiarity with the thought as well as technique of a composition.

The vaudeville work of Miss Jule Obrecht and Christy Obrecht, given between the first and second acts, provoked much laughter. Their cornet and trombone playing was out of the ordinary.

Tonight, if the weather permits, the Ladies band will play selections at the opera house at 7:30. The play tonight is a rich comedy entitled "The Call of the Wild." On Wednesday evening "Caprice" will be played. On Thursday evening "Under Arizona Skies" will be presented. Wednesday night a diamond ring will be given away.

#### ZEMO FOR DANDRUFF

You Will be Surprised to See How Quickly it Disappears

No more dirty coats from dandruff heads. Zemo stops dandruff. Apply it any time with tips of fingers. No smell, no smear. Zemo sinks into the pores, makes the scalp healthy, makes the hair fine and glossy.

Zemo is prepared by E. W. Rose Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., and is regularly sold by all druggists at \$1 per bottle. But to enable you to make a test and prove what it will do for you, get a 25-cent trial bottle fully guaranteed or your money back at Johnson's drug store. Adv't.

### EASTERN STAR ENTERTAINS

Last Evening's Entertainment Was in Honor of Masonic Fraternity, Their Wives and Friends

One of the most pleasing social events of the season was given last evening by the members of the Eastern Star to the members of the Masonic fraternity, their wives and best ladies at the Masonic hall. About one hundred and fifty people were present.

The first form of entertainment was a literary and musical program. Some of the best artists of our city assisted in making this one of the most pleasing parts of the reception Mrs. H. G. Ingersoll and Miss Huseman gave piano solos, Miss Grondin sang, Mrs. George LaBar and Mr. S. F. Alderman sang, and a quartet of Masons consisting of Robert Crust, Jack Brown, Harry Kroes and John Bye rendered the song "The Little Old Church in the Wildwood." The accompanists were Miss Alderman and Miss Wilson. W. J. Lowrie announced the program.

After the program the guests gathered in the banquet room where the ladies of the chapter had prepared light refreshments. The tables were tastefully decorated with napkins and dishes bearing the Eastern Star and Blue lodge emblems.

The concluding part of the reception was given over to dances, cards and to whatever form of enjoyment preferred.

#### People You Know

The Little Falls Transcript of Monday contains the following personal mentions:

G. S. Swanson of Brainerd visited friends here Sunday.

James Graham and L. Mraz, of Brainerd visited friends here Sunday afternoon.

Edward Berg, Louis Wright, Robert Richard and Misses Vivian Dwyer, Melissa Ryan and Edna Baker motored to Brainerd Sunday.

Miss Hanna Carlson of Brainerd, who was here to visit her sister, Mrs. Mabel Carlson, and Miss Pearl Root, returned to Brainerd Sunday night.

Mrs. A. W. Ide of Brainerd arrived Monday for a visit with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Millsbaugh. Dr. and Mrs. Ide have just returned from a trip to New York and Chicago.

#### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

### INSURGENTS FIGHT WELL

J. F. Dykeman of the Executive Committee Fighting High Rates in M. B. A Order

J. F. Dykeman, a member of the national executive committee of the Modern Brotherhood of America which is fighting the high rates promulgated at the Denver convention, is receiving encouraging reports from all sections of Minnesota and the insurgent spirit generated shows that members, as a rule, are adverse to rates boosted to an altitude almost prohibitive.

Donations are being made to the executive committee to continue its fight against the head officers and others. An injunction, as previously reported, has restrained for a time the head officials.

### BREAKS A COLD, OPENS NOSTRILS

Pape's Cold Compound Cures Colds and Grippe in a Few Hours—Tastes Nice—Acts Gently

It is a positive fact that a dose of Pape's Cold Compound, taken every two hours until three consecutive doses are taken, will end the Grippe and break up the most severe cold, either in the head, chest, back, stomach, limbs or any part of the body.

It promptly relieves the most miserable headache, dullness, head and nose stuffed up, feverishness, sneezing, sore throat, running of the nose, mucous catarrhal discharges, soreness, stiffness and rheumatic twinges.

Take this wonderful Compound as directed, with the knowledge that there is nothing else in the world which will cure your cold or end Grippe misery as promptly and without any other assistance or bad after-effects as a 25-cent package of Pape's Cold Compound, which any druggist can supply—accept no substitute—contains no quinine. Belongs in every home. Tastes nice—acts gently.—Adv't.

### STATE AND LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Gleaned From Our Bright Exchanges and Boiled Down for the Benefit of Dispatch Readers

Menasha has a Boosters club. Frank Voves of Perham will start a cigar factory at Crosby.

Belrose baseball fans are discussing plans for the coming season.

New Pieritz is to have a postoffice with Peter Blake as postmaster.

Profits in clover seed in Stearns county run as high as \$60 per acre. A Renville man has captured a silver fox and he is asking \$1,000 for its pelt.

St. Cloud has sold its fire team to Aitkin and will install motor fire apparatus.

Stillwater has passed a smoke nuisance ordinance and expects to enforce it.

The New Spring Models of  
**W. B. Corsets**  
Received this morning

We received the new spring models of the W. B. Corsets this morning.

As usual every new features in back lace corsets are represented in the models we show.

Let our salespeople show you the one adapted to your figure.

**"MICHAEL'S"** We give 25c Stamps **"MICHAEL'S"**

The **GRAND**

The Show For You and Yours

AN ALL COMEDY SHOW

TONIGHT

If you have time and can spare a dime don't miss this unusually funny program

**"Billy's Burglar"**  
(Vita-graph Special)  
(Two Reels)

**"Miss Simpin's Summer Boarder"**  
(One Reel)

Illustrated and Spotlight Songs by

**Dick Kettlewell & Leslie Bush**

**Wright's Confectionery**

The MOST of the BEST for the LEAST Money.

Try our new cigar Flor de Vallens.

In cedar lined cans 25 for a dollar.

Remember we have the agency for all the daily papers that come to the city.

**"WRIGHTS"**

613 Laurel Citizens State Bank Block

shot and the total damage is \$250.

The farmers living in the vicinity of Rossburg, near Aitkin, are preparing to ship their farm produce through a cooperative organization and are advertising for bids for the building of a farmers' warehouse at Rossburg, on the Northern Pacific railway.

A Bufton young couple bid their friends attend their wedding and when all was ready the groom to be remembered that he had forgotten to secure the necessary license. Not to be cheated out of the festivities promised the guests carried out the program to the letter, everything excepting the ceremony. In the meantime the couple went to the county seat got the license, were married and returned before the "wedding party" broke up and assisted in the closing festivities.

**THE DISPATCH** Covers the news of the entire Cuyuna range and to get this information subscribe now.

**BUSINESS DIRECTORY**

WHERE TO GET WHAT YOU WANT

Consult This List Before Placing Your Order If You Want the BEST at the Lowest Prices

**Johnson's Pharmacy**  
Prescription pharmacists. Stationery, perfumes and cigars. THE REXALL STORE. A remedy for each ill. 222 South 7th St. 105

**Brockway & Parker**  
Staple and fancy groceries, flour, feed and provisions. HEADQUARTERS FOR FRUIT. Ferndell coffee. 211 South Seventh St. Phone 71 88

**Neck Yokes, Double Trees**  
Single trees, buggy shafts, horse poles, reaches, at Fred Drexler, 316 South Sixth Street.

**Home Bakery**  
For the finest baked bread, rolls, cakes and pies, see the Koering Bakery, 5 Farrar St., N. E. Our wagon delivers all over town. Phone 478. 77

**Moilanen Groceries**  
Full line staple and fancy groceries, ham and bacon, fruits, canned goods, also cigars and tobacco. Butter and eggs bought. Henry Moilanen, 1224 N. Oak St. 88

**Echo Dairy**  
Fresh Milk, cream and butter. Retail ice cream in pints and quarts. 708 Front St. 88

**Drink**  
CRYSTAL SPRING WATER From Roskos' Flowing Well Pure and Sanitary Delivered Daily to all Part of the City Phone 13 84

**Ritari Brothers**  
Cement blocks, bricks, sidewalks, curbing, foundations and all kinds of cement and concrete work. Ritari Bros., 1123 E. Norwood St. 1051mo

**Business Getters**  
These little ads cost \$1 a month and they surely get the business. Try one. The firms using them endorse them.

**K. A. Gustafson**  
A full line of Groceries and Confectionery. Cigars and Tobacco. Fresh Fruit at all times. 1618 Oak street. 194tf Open Evenings and Sundays.



## WAVE OF REFORM PROBES OVER

Never In History of the United States Have So Many Inquiries Been Made.

NEVER in the history of the United States have so many investigations been under way as at present. In almost every department of human activity, from one end of the country to the other some kind of a committee or other is trying to unearth graft or wrongdoing. The federal government is setting the pace with committees delving into the why and wherefore of most of its problems. In the various states local committees are making inquiries that are expected to result in the general betterment of the people. The desire for reform on which to base reforms has swept over the entire land and there is hardly a community that is so poor that it cannot afford an investigation of some sort.

In all the Union there are not more than half a dozen states which are not investigating in some form or other. New York state is having a leading part. Governor William Sulzer had not been in office two days before he appointed a committee to investigate all the state departments, and this committee is now head over heels in work.

### New York City's Probes.

New York city has been busy with a general police and vice investigation since last summer. The impetus was given by the Rosenthal murder. Long before Police Lieutenant Becker was convicted an aldermanic committee had been formed for the purpose of getting at the root of police graft. About the same time a special grand jury was instructed by Supreme Court Justice Goff to do the same thing. Since then the grand jury work has been absorbed by the aldermanic committee, which is acting practically as an adjunct to the district attorney's office, and the regular grand jury.

The federal government, through its executive and legislative branches, is now engaged in many inquiries in the interest of the public welfare.

It is difficult to estimate the exact number of investigations under government auspices now in progress, as there are several instances where dozens of lines of inquiry have been undertaken by a single bureau of a government department. One bureau of the department of agriculture has under scrutiny no less than fifteen major subjects, all intended for the betterment of producers and consumers of agricultural products, and some of these have many ramifications that increase the aggregate number greatly.

### Money Trust Inquiry.

In the first rank stands the "money trust" investigation of the Pujo committee. The object of this investigation, directed sweepingly at an aggregation of capitalists, is to ascertain the precise methods of big finance in this country, with a view to remedial legislation by control of clearing houses and other additions to and modifications of the national banking act.

Another wing of the banking and currency committee, under the chairmanship of Representative Carter Glass of Virginia, is engaged in a less

## HAS CAUSED ENTIRE NATION

Graft, Crime, Inefficiency and Economic Wrongs Being Investigated.

spectacular, but no less important, study of the defects and needed changes in the banking and currency system of the United States.

Closely connected with these investigations in their effect upon the fiscal system are the public hearings on the tariff system now conducted by the ways and means committee of the house.

An investigation of the ocean shipping trust is being conducted by the house committee on merchant marine. It is particularly directed at an alleged agreement or pool that makes competition in the South American trade almost impossible.

Of strictly political importance is the wide-reaching investigation into campaign funds by a select committee of the senate, under chairmanship of Moses W. Clapp of Minnesota. It has jurisdiction over all correspondence between officials of the Standard Oil and federal officials and congressmen. This inquiry is intended to bring out means of limiting campaign contributions and more closely supervising the expenditure of campaign funds.

Investigation by the interstate commerce commission into the causes of railroad wrecks with a view of safeguarding the traveling public.

Investigation by the new federal children's bureau into infant mortality. Inquiry by the rules committee of the house of representatives to determine whether there shall be a congressional investigation of conditions in canning factories.

### Industrial Commission.

Fortcoming investigation by the recently created national industrial commission into all phases of the industrial situation, including the amelioration of conditions among working people.

Investigation of the white slave traffic by a special corps of agents of the department of justice. A side issue of this activity is the effort to obtain through private subscription a large fund to be used in the establishment of homes wherein white slave victims can be maintained until reformed.

Investigation by the new federal bureau of mines into the mining industry. According to the last annual report of its director "the two phases of the industry of greatest national concern are safety and efficiency—safeguarding the lives of our miners and assuring the most efficient and least wasteful development and use of our mineral resources."

Investigation by the department of agriculture to prevent pollution of oyster beds by sewage from large cities. To this pollution is attributed sporadic epidemics.

The bureau of labor's widespread investigation of the cost of living. Field investigations by the public health service into typhoid fever, pellagra, spotted fever, trachoma, infantile paralysis, cerebro-spinal meningitis, parasitic diseases, malaria, leprosy, bubonic plague, yellow fever and cholera.

Various inquiries to bring about better conditions among the Indians.

comes the gigantic conflict of the two streams.

### Explains Cause of Fogs.

Mr. Riker says that we must blame the flow of the Labrador current for producing our late springs and constant fogs. He says that if it could be stopped and if the gulf stream could be allowed to flow north with its heat protected it would establish a warm polar sea in the winter, so that Siberia and British North America would be desirable residential places all the year round.

Now to choke off this destructive Labrador current Mr. Riker proposes that there be used for the building of a jetty across the grand banks the very sands from which the banks are composed and which are ever being moved southward.

"It only remains," he says, "for man to place an obstruction that shall maintain a position a few inches above the constantly rising surface of the material that is deposited when obstructed to effect the deposit of all the heavy matter that is in movement."

To let the ocean itself build up this great sand bar from its depths he would stretch across the banks a great cable that has been saturated with asphaltum and weighted with wire.

It should have the requisite specific gravity to cause it to just sink in the ocean and rest lightly upon the bottom or ocean bed. He would have it supported by buoys so that it could not sink into the sand.

Commander George F. Cooper, in charge of the naval hydrographic office, declared he did not consider Mr. Riker's project a practical one.

### Plan Is Criticized.

"Mr. Riker called on me," said Commander Cooper, "and explained his plans. As I am not a hydraulic engineer I do not care to comment on this project further than to say in response to your question that I do not regard it as a practicable thing."

"Of course any investigation of the currents of the North Atlantic would be extremely valuable. No matter what project such a commission as Mr. Riker proposes might have in mind the data which it would gather on the currents, the drift of ice, the depth of the water and the like would be well worth having."

### Ban on "Heart Wrenching."

Flowers at graduating exercises have been banned by the St. Louis school board. The presence of posies "wrenches the hearts" of the poor, who can't have them, according to the board.

## STORY OF FIRST PLOT ON LINCOLN

Would Be Assassins Failed In One Attempt.

PINKERTON WRITES OF EVENT

Detective Thwarted Conspiracy Against "Old Abe" by Causing Change in Later's Traveling Time—Joins Secessionists and Learns of Murder Scheme—Draw Lots to Kill.

Details of the secret journey of Abraham Lincoln from Harrisburg to Washington in February, 1861, just before his inauguration, and the full story of the plot to assassinate him before he reached the capital city, are told in a letter written by Allan Pinkerton, published in the February issue of the American Magazine.

The letter, never before made public, clears up the mystery surrounding Lincoln's unexpected arrival in Washington before his scheduled time and exposes one of the most comprehensive plots ever hatched to take the life of a prominent man.

Preceding the letter is a history of the document written by Jesse W. Weik of Greenacres, Ind., from whom it was obtained. Weik, who was a collaborator with William H. Herndon in the latter's "Life of Lincoln," says the letter was written at Herndon's request that Pinkerton put down in writing the story of the plot to murder Lincoln.

### Manuscript Discovered.

Pinkerton deferred the matter until Aug. 23, 1896. The manuscript never was out of the hands of Herndon or Weik until the American Magazine obtained it a few weeks ago.

Pinkerton explains that he was engaged in January, 1861, to investigate for the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad the rumor that an attempt was to be made by secessionists to seize a steamship used by the railroad company. The work took him to Baltimore, where he was startled to find the bitterness of the secessionist feeling. Even the chief of police, George W. Kane, was a "rabid rebel," Pinkerton wrote.

Pinkerton learned that Barnum's hotel was the headquarters of the secessionists, and he obtained lodgings there. By playing his hand right he became accepted as one of their number and attended a meeting.

"Ballots were prepared," he adds, "and those who drew a certain kind of card were to consider themselves bound to assassinate the president elect. Each one believed there was only one of these marked cards drawn, but I have always believed there were at least six or eight who thus bound themselves to strike the fatal blow, no one of the number knowing that any one save himself was so chosen."

### Pinkerton Takes Action.

Pinkerton gave his information to S. M. Felton, president of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad, who was a loyal Union man. Pinkerton after much trouble met Lincoln a few nights later in Philadelphia when the president elect was on his way to Washington.

It was only after much urging that Lincoln, whose confidence in the good will of the people was unbounded, agreed to have his train schedule changed. According to that schedule he was to go from Harrisburg direct to Baltimore, stopping a few hours in the Entaw House there and then proceeding to Washington.

Pinkerton, after getting all the telegraph wires between Harrisburg and Baltimore cut, arranged it so that Lincoln, accompanied only by two detectives, H. H. Kenney and Ward H. Lamon, should slip away from his suit and take the night express to Washington. What followed largely is history.

## CONVICTS LEARNING BY MAIL

Inmates of Leavenworth Penitentiary Display Much Ambition.

Recently Professor Bray of the extension division of the Kansas Agricultural college at Manhattan, Kan., has been visiting many of the shops and factories of the state consulting with the overseers and superintendents and enrolling students in the correspondence course in mechanics. On his last trip he was for several days in Leavenworth and spent one day in the state prison. Through the courtesy of the chaplain he interviewed many of the convicts and as a result several of them have undertaken some of the trade courses offered by correspondence.

In the more than one hundred subjects now offered in correspondence courses there are enrolled farmers, farmers' wives, sons and daughters, telegraph operators, schoolteachers, lawyers, train dispatchers, railroad officials, ministers, carpenters, plumbers, motorcar repairers, boiler-makers, tin-smiths, firemen and stationery engineers.

### Two Jobs.

Willie—Paw, what is the difference between a political job and any other job? Paw—You have to work hard to get a political job, my son, and you have to work hard to hold the other kind.—Judge

### Appropriate.

"I wonder they don't raise chickens on ships." "On ships? Now, where in thunder would they raise chickens in ships?" "Of course, in the hatchway"—Baltimore Sun.

### Secretary to Pa. Leo Puny.

Being secretary to her father, Representative Robert O. Harris of Massachusetts, at \$1,500 a year in Washington was too tame for Miss Elizabeth Harris, so she has opened an office at Boston to sell insurance against theft and burglary. When Mr. Harris asked his daughter why she was not satisfied with the position she had she answered, "It is too puny."

## WILL PUNISHMENT BE EVERLASTING?

Sins of Ignorance Will be Forgiven, but All Wilful Sins Will Be Punished, According to Pastor Russell.

Bible Students Now See That They Were Misled by the Creeds of the Dark Ages—They Interpreted the Bible Illogically—Enlightened Study Makes God's Word More Reasonable and More Precious Daily.



(PASTOR RUSSELL)

Worcester, Mass., January 26.—Pastor Russell had crowds to hear him today. We report his discourse from the text:—"These shall go away into everlasting punishment; but the righteous into life eternal."—Matthew 25:46.

The speaker declared that mankind recognize two great facts: (1) that all are sinners; (2) that a just penalty for sins is proper. This can be admitted even by those who deny that the Bible is inspired. He believes that our forefathers added to Scriptures, without realizing it.

### The Baptist "Underworld."

Our Baptist friends, in their new translation of the Bible, use the term "underworld," instead of hell, in translating Sheol and Hades. This is a step in the right direction. All educated people know that Sheol and Hades signify the death condition. Why should Christian ministers spend years in seminaries to learn these things, and then fear to tell people the facts? Do they not realize that the misunderstanding of this subject is stumbling thinking people into Higher-Criticism, Infidelity, etc., and leading to atheism and anarchy?

### What the Bible Does Teach.

The Bible declares death to be the extreme penalty of the Divine Law—as of human law. Adam's execution was a tragedy—930 years of dying. His descendants share his condemnation. The death sentence would have ended our race, had not Divine Mercy provided Jesus as our Redeemer. He is to deliver mankind from bondage to death, during the Millennium.

Meantime, this Gospel Age has been introduced for gathering His Church. When it is completed, the Kingdom will be inaugurated for blessing all mankind. Then whosoever will may return to full harmony with God and attain everlasting life.

The Parable of the Sheep and the Goats belongs to the Millennium Age. We recall the Scriptural promises that when Jesus shall appear in glory, His Church will appear with Him; and thus we know that the parable is not yet fulfilled. After the completion of the Church, Messiah will establish His Kingdom.

Mankind will then be on trial to determine who desire to be the Lord's sheep, and who will manifest the wayward, goat-like disposition. A thousand years have been apportioned to separate sheep from goats. At its close, all having the sheep disposition of meekness will be at the Mediator's right hand of favor, but all having the goat disposition will be at His left—place of disfavor.

The sheep will receive the kingdom originally given to Adam. The goats will be sentenced to everlasting fire—destruction. Elsewhere they are said to go into "the lake of fire," the Second Death.—Revelation 20:14.

Gehenna Fire Unquenchable. Gehenna is the Greek name for the valley outside Jerusalem, where offal was destroyed. Fires were burned there to kill the germs of putrefaction. Into that valley were cast dead dogs, cats, etc., upon which worms fed. This picture Jesus used to illustrate Divine Government in the end of His reign.

Willful evil-doers will perish in the antitypical Gehenna—the Second Death.

Another suggestion by the Master was that dogs, feet and eyes had better be destroyed than that the individual go into the Second Death. No one thinks that the Lord meant us literally to cut off our hands and feet; nor should we think that He referred to literal fire. The lesson taught is that everlasting life is worth any sacrifice. If a sin seems as precious as a hand or an eye, we should separate from it at any cost, to attain everlasting life.

"Into Everlasting Punishment." Our text declares that the goat class will go into everlasting punishment. What is the nature of that punishment? The Scriptures say that "the wages of sin is death"—not eternal torment. So the Master really said that the goat class will go into the Second Death. None will be rescued from it in any manner.

The word punishment in our text comes from the Greek *kolasis*. In classical Greek, *kolasis* means to prune, as to cut out dead branches from a tree. So Jesus really said that the goat class will go away into everlasting cutting off—from life—into everlasting death.

A pamphlet explaining the parable of the Rich Man and Lazarus will be sent free to any making a postcard request. Address Brooklyn Tabernacle, Brooklyn, N. Y.

### A Blast For Tobacco.

The earliest book is styled "Work For Chimney Sweepers; or, A Warning For Tobaccoists. Describing the Perilous Use of Tobacco. No Less Pleasant Than Profitable For All Sorts to Read." Fumoz patria, igne Alieno Luculentior—as much as to say, better to be choked with English hemp than poisoned with English tobacco. This volume is dated 1602.

### A Test of Courage.

Courage consists not in blindly overlooking danger, but in meeting it with the eyes open.—Richter.

## POLAR EXPLORER PLANS NEW TRIP

Captain Roald Amundsen to Try Arctic Next.

WILL USE WIRELESS SYSTEM

Discoverer of South Pole Says Project Will Cost \$200,000 and Consume Six Years of Effort—Likes Dog Meat, Describes Equipment For Next Venture—Fram Is Virtually Unsinkable.

Captain Roald Amundsen, the Norwegian explorer who discovered the south pole in December, 1911, arrived in the United States recently and is delivering interesting lectures about his experiences. He has given out an entertaining interview on his future plans.

Speaking of his proposed trip to the arctic, he said he hoped to leave San Francisco in August, 1914, and get back to civilization in 1920. He plans to drift with the ice north of this continent and be the first man to go from the Pacific to the Atlantic by the northern channel.

He intends to equip his ship, the Fram, with wireless apparatus in order to keep in communication with the rest of the world and to use it in his scientific work. It may come in handy should the party get in trouble.

"The Fram," said Captain Amundsen, "will remain in Buenos Aires about a year. It will be put in drydock shortly. If the Panama canal is working by the time she comes out she will be taken through it and up to San Francisco. If the canal is not working she will be carried around through the strait of Magellan."

### May Reach the North Pole.

"We will go directly up the coast to Alaska, where we will take on board some dogs and maybe an Eskimo or two. We will just drift around and may reach the north pole, although we won't try especially hard to. That has been discovered once, and that is plenty. We will study the currents of the ocean and the air, which will be of great help to weather forecasters. The Fram will be equipped practically as she was for the trip to the south pole."

"On that trip we carried 120 dogs at the start, but we ate some and fed some of the others to the remaining dogs. We got them in Greenland and carried them to the south pole. We took them back to Australia, and now thirty of them have gone back into the antarctic circle again with the Australian expedition. Dog meat is fairly good. It is a little tough, but at that it is better than lots of steaks you get right here in New York."

"There was one peculiar thing about the trip to the south pole. After we crossed the great ice barrier there was no sign of animal life. Just before reaching the barrier we saw great schools of whales—thousands of them in a single school—but the other side of the barrier absolutely nothing, not even a gull. We built little piles of snow every three miles and in them put a piece of paper telling the exact longitude and latitude of the pile. There are at this time leading from the barrier direct to the pole these piles of snow. We cut out about 9,000 pieces of snow cut to build them with."

### Only Six Men at the Pole.

"There were but five men with me from the time we left the station until we reached the pole. At the pole and on the return trip we gathered much material, such as minerals, corals, and the like. None of the minerals, so far as I know, bore precious metals, and the whole time I was within the circle I did not see any coal. It has been reported there are vast coal fields on the hidden continent. If they are there I didn't see them. Only once did we run into the Shackleton party, and then I did not see them myself. Some of Shackleton's men called on the men in my camp, more out of curiosity than anything else, I imagine."

"As food the men and myself had hot chocolate and biscuits for breakfast and pemmican, granulated milk and chocolate for dinner. We had but two meals a day. The men ate two pounds of pemmican a day, and each of the dogs was given a pound until it ran out, and then we began to eat dogs."

Motor sledges do not appeal to Captain Amundsen. Only dog sledges he thinks suitable to ice travel.

"The Fram," said Captain Amundsen, "is practically unsinkable. It cannot be crushed. It cost the government about \$75,000, and Norway has been amply repaid by the work that has been accomplished. I do not know what the trip to the south pole cost, as I have not looked over the accounts yet. The trip to the north will cost something over \$200,000, of which \$100,000 has already been appropriated by Norway. There has been some talk of establishing wireless stations on Point Barrow and in Siberia, so that observations may be taken with the apparatus on board the Fram. I do not know whether this will be done or not."

Captain Amundsen, who laughed at the idea of wearing an overcoat in a climate so balmy as New York's, had a very bad cold when interviewed. He's wearing his overcoat now. He will remain in the United States delivering lectures and accepting gold medals until the first of June. Then he'll go back to Norway and return to New York in March, 1914.

## TO BUILD BIG HOME FOR GIRLS

\$3 to \$5 Weekly Rates For Workers in Mrs. Devin's New Refuge.

Mrs. Susan Devin of New York, according to the real estate reports, has purchased a plot in that city on which she will build a home for working girls.

Plans prepared by Lawlor & Haase will call for a five story building with accommodations for 100 girls. The structure will cost about \$125,000. The plot on which it will be erected

measures 15 by 75 and is only a block east of Columbia university. Mrs. Devin bought the land from John J. Fairlee for \$50,000.

Rents for rooms in the new home will be from \$3 to \$5 a week. Mrs. Devin gave \$10,000 some time ago to a working-girls' home in Fourteenth street.

## TAFT TO LIVE IN HOTEL TAFT.

Suit of Nine Rooms Prepared For Use After March 4.

The management of the Hotel Taft, in New Haven, Conn., announced that a special suit was being put in readiness to be occupied by President Taft and his family after they leave the White House on March 4 next.

The suit is on the sixth floor and consists of nine rooms—living room, dining room, study and six bedrooms—and is to be cut off from the main corridor of the hotel by a partition.

The apartment faces on Chapel and College streets, and there is a view of fifteen miles from the window of the study.

### To Live Long Eat Molasses.

William Boone Eldred of Wakefield, Mass., who believed that by eating a gallon of molasses a week he had prolonged his life many years, died at the age of eighty-seven. He ate molasses on all his food. When seventy years old Eldred began riding a bicycle for exercise and, according to his own figures, rode 20,000 miles during the past seventeen years. He was a descendant of Daniel Boone.

### Hoboes.

A hobo is a gentleman of leisure, but not all gentlemen of leisure are hoboes.—Manchester Union.

## FEEL BULLY? TAKE CASCARETS TONIGHT

A 10 Cent box will keep your liver, stomach and bowels clean, pure and fresh for months

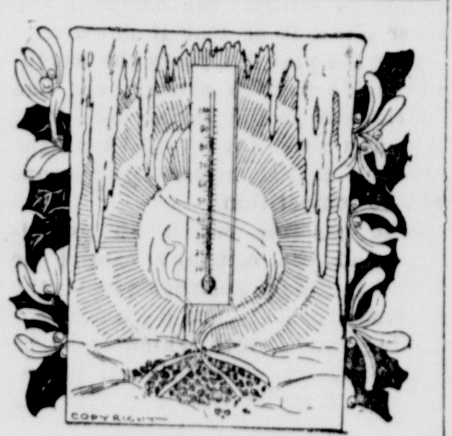
Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver, delayed fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Salts, cathartic pills, oil and purgative waters force a passageway for a day or two—yes—but they don't take the poisons out and have no effect upon the liver or stomach.

Cascarets immediately cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermenting food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out, by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10 cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels clean and regular for months.—Adv.



### COAL

is one of the things that contributes largely to our enjoyment. While it goes up largely in smoke, it leaves behind genial warmth to the occupants of the house.

Cold weather rapidly decreases the coal bin, and if your supply is growing small, better let us replenish it at once. Prices will be no lower and you may have difficulty in securing coal later.

### EVERETT & HITCH

Seat Sale at Dunn's Drug Store

Coming, for One Week, Commencing

Monday January 27

The Famous Musical Family

Christy

OBRECHT Nell Rose

Baby Sara

Supported by

OBRECHT STOCK CO.

In new plays, comedy dramas, new

music and feature vaudeville between

the acts. A ladies concert band and orchestra.

Mon. Night, Jan. 27—

"THE EARL OF DUNKMORE"

An English society comedy in three

acts. Overture morning, noon and

night at 8:15 by Obercht's Ladies

Orchestra. Curtain 8:30.

Popular Prices—10c, 20c and 30c.

Read what Watertown, S. D., and

LaCrosse, Wis., says about the company.

## WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one-half cent a word for each subsequent insertion, strictly cash in advance, but no ad will be taken for less than fifteen cents.

### HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Boy at Ideal Cafe. 2001tr

WANTED—Kitchen girl at the Spalding cafe. 2011tr

WANTED—Kitchen girl at Windsor. 1931tr

MEN WANTED—To cut lagging at Barrows. Board \$4.50 a week. Fred Klasey, Barrows, Minn. 2001tr

LD—Houses to rent. Krekelberg & McCarthy, insurance and real estate agency, Suite 6, Wise block. 1961tr

### FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished room with board in modern house, 415 North 8th St. 2001tr

FOR RENT—Four room flat, bath room in connection. Lagerquist block. 1861tr

### FOR SALE

USED AUTO—Albert Angel. 1151tr